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Organisational Culture

Child safety is embedded in the mission, values, and everyday actions of the organisation. Leaders regularly speak about child safety, prioritise it in decision making and model safe behaviour. Governance understand their role in safeguarding. Safeguarding is promoted as a shared responsibility. Leaders champion child safety, allocate resources, and ensure accountability at all levels. Child protection policies are clear and accessible. Child protection policies, procedures and code of conduct are known and adhered to by all. Staff feel safe and able to speak up about concerns. Prevention of and early intervention responses to child wellbeing and safety concerns are promoted. Children are actively encouraged to speak up, are taught about their rights and what to do if they feel unsafe. Children's feedback is sought and listened to. Children are involved in shaping their environments. Risks to children are assessed and mitigated. Biennial audits of safeguarding and child protection policies. The organisation regularly evaluates its safeguarding practices & learns from incidents. There is a culture of reflection, learning and adapting to keep children safer.

Safe Workforce

Robust safety checking for all staff and volunteers .
People selected not just for skills but also values, attitudes and commitment to child safety.
Questions about safeguarding included in interviews
Staff are offered supervision or employee assistance programme to reflect on complex cases, vicarious trauma and any concerns.
Designated safeguarding leads.
All staff and volunteers are trained and confident in recognising abuse, responding appropriately & upholding safe practices.
Commitment to cultural humility and inclusivity.
Induction covers safeguarding policies and practices.
Staff understand their roles and responsibilities & how to report concerns.
Regular safeguarding training for all staff and volunteers.
Leaders hold workforce accountable for child safe practices.
Concerns regarding staff and volunteers are held in secure database.
HR systems are in place to address and monitor concerning behaviour.

Safe Ways of Working

	Collaborative working.				
	Information sharing within the organisation and to other organisations				
Staff actions are guided by:					
Safeguarding/child protection policy & procedure					
☐ Safeguarding code of conduct.					
	Open communication with familys about safeguarding & child protection practices.				
	Practice is consistent.				
	Recognition of position of trust.				
	Recording system.				
	$Position\ descriptions\ with\ safeguarding\ responsibilities.$				
	Clarity between complaints and allegations against staff.				
	Allegations against staff policies and procedures.				
	Policy breach processes.				
	Safeguarding is regarded as everybody's responsibility.				
	Everyone engages in child and family-centred practice.				



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Identifying & Responding to Welfare Concerns

	Zero-tolerance approach to child abuse.			
	Safeguarding is regarded as a shared responsibility.			
	All practice is compliant with legislative and sector requirements.			
	Concerns and complaints are taken seriously, acted on swiftly, and used to improve systems			
A system and procedures that support staff to manage:				
	Child protection concerns; and			
	☐ Allegations against staff			
	Practice is child and family centred.			
	Children and families are educated on how to report concerns.			
	Defined intervention thresholds:			
	Organisation's responsibility for early interventionStaff roles and responsibility			
	☐ When to report to Oranga Tamariki or Police			
	Escalation processes are clear (what goes up to managment and governance levels).			
	Procedures for information sharing are clear.			
	Procedure in place for reviewing active concerns and interventions.			
	Primary prevention and early intervention procedures are in place as well as reporting procedures.			
	Risks are mitigated that are identified through safeguarding concerns and/or cases.			

Working Together

	Approaches/undertakings reflect 'doing with', not 'doing to'.					
Wor	Working in partnership:					
		With communities				
		With parents				
		With other organisations				
Active and transparent promotion of safeguarding culture to:						
		With staff				
		Children/young people and their families				
		Organisational contractors				
		Partner agencies				
	There are strategies and processes to capture the child's voice.					
Inclusivity of children, families & communities is reflected in procedures and practices:						
		Cultural needs and practices				
		Personal aspects e.g. age groups, sexualities, etc. as applicable				
		Abilities e.g. disabilities, additional learning needs, etc.				
	Children's rights are advocated for. Supports are in place for the organisation's children, people and groups who have increased vulnerability.					
	Inter-agency and multi-agency working together.					

SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN

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A Safeguarding Culture Checklist





An organisational resource supporting and embedding a Safeguarding Culture.

The 5 core components and key elements required – What do you have?
What do you need?

Safeguarding Children Training and Consultancy services canhelp you implement any elements and advance any areas of need